**SET A**

Suppose you are given two arrays A and B. You have to create linked list C

such that C = A∩B. For example, A = 1,2,2,5,8 and B = 1,3,4,6,8. Output will be a linked list containing 1 and 8. So, C=1,8

\*\*\* You have to write in methods with appropriate parameters and return type.

**SET B**

Suppose you are given two arrays A and B of the same size. You have to create

a linked list C such that the 1st element of C is the 1st element of A and

the 2nd element of C is the 1st element of B and the 3rd element of C is the

2nd element of A and the 4th element of C is the 2nd element of B and so on.

For example, if A = 1, 3, 5, 7 and B = 2, 4, 6, 8, then C will be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,

7, 8.

\*\*\* You have to write in methods with appropriate parameters and return type.